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(54) **RECEIVER LINK SEPARATOR**

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F41A 3/66 (2006.01)

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CPC **F41A 3/66** (2013.01)

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F41A 3/66; F41A 3/86; F41A 11/04; F41A
11/02; F41A 21/484
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See application file for complete search history.

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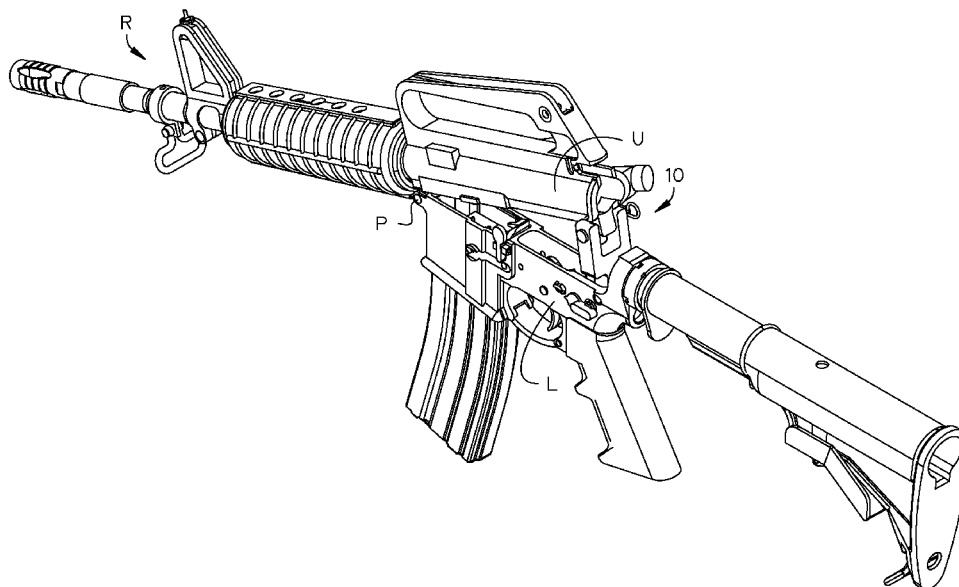
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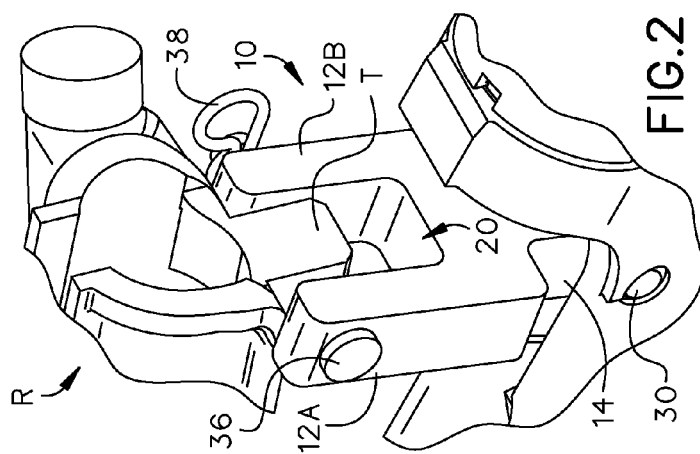
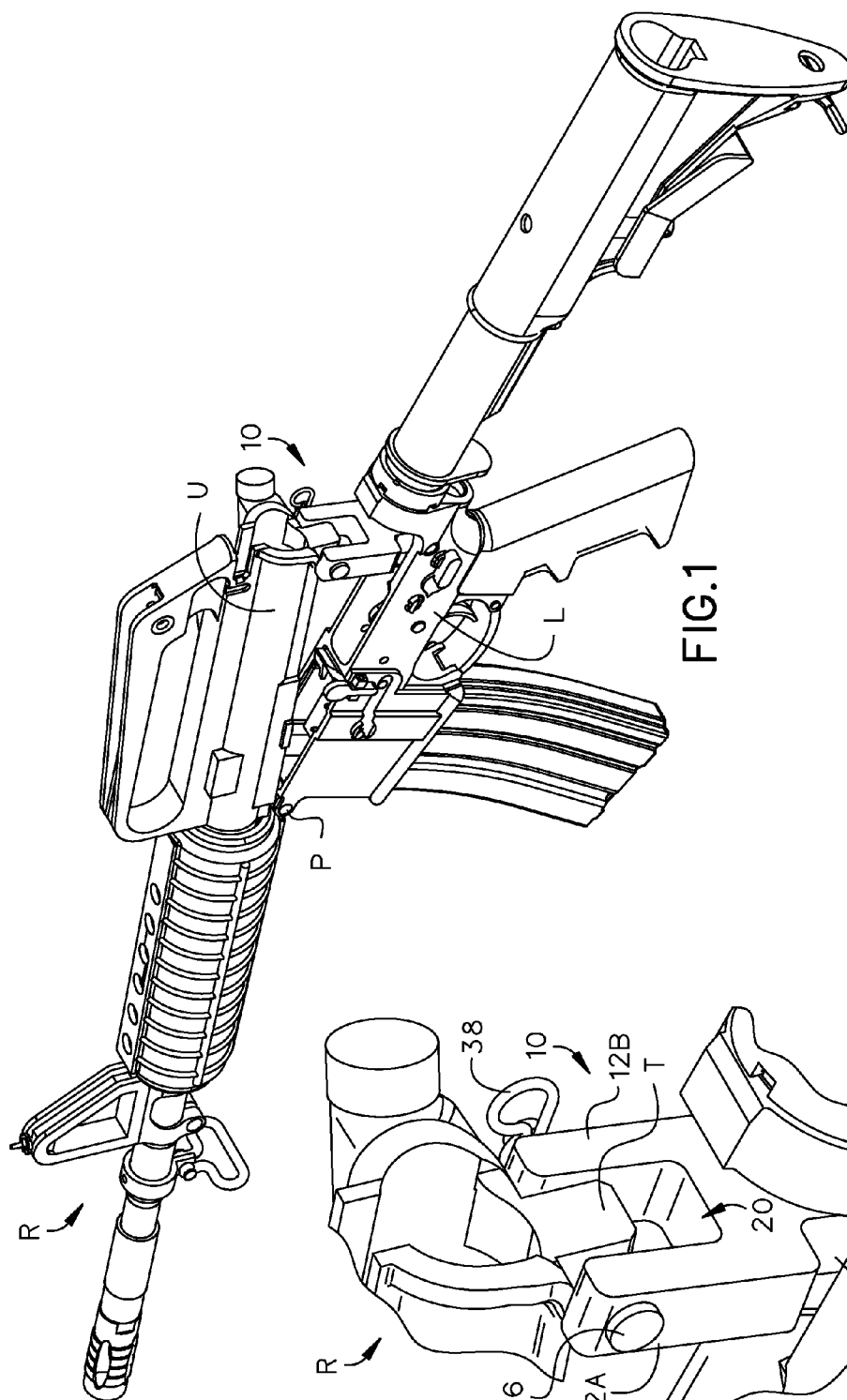
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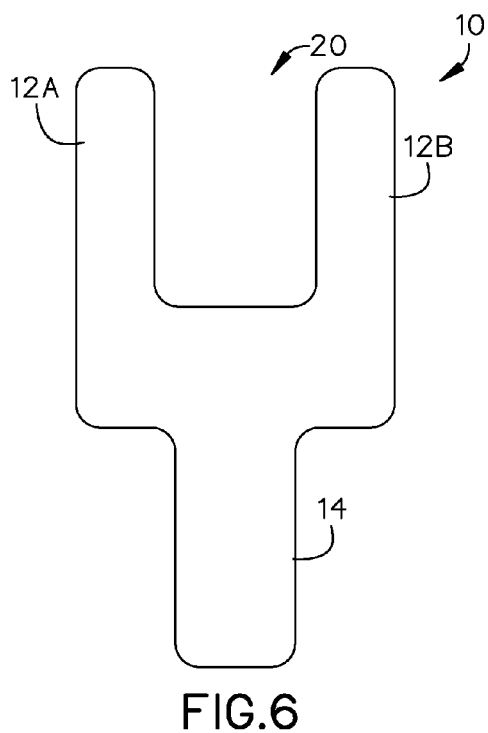
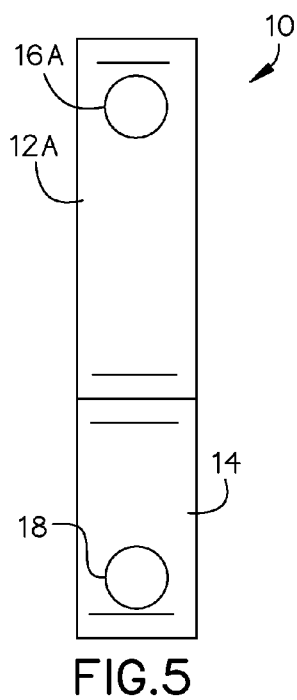
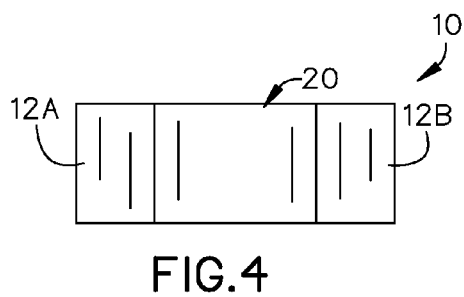
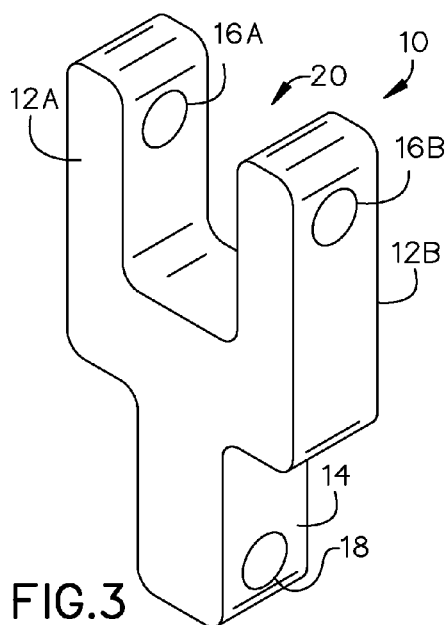
ABSTRACT

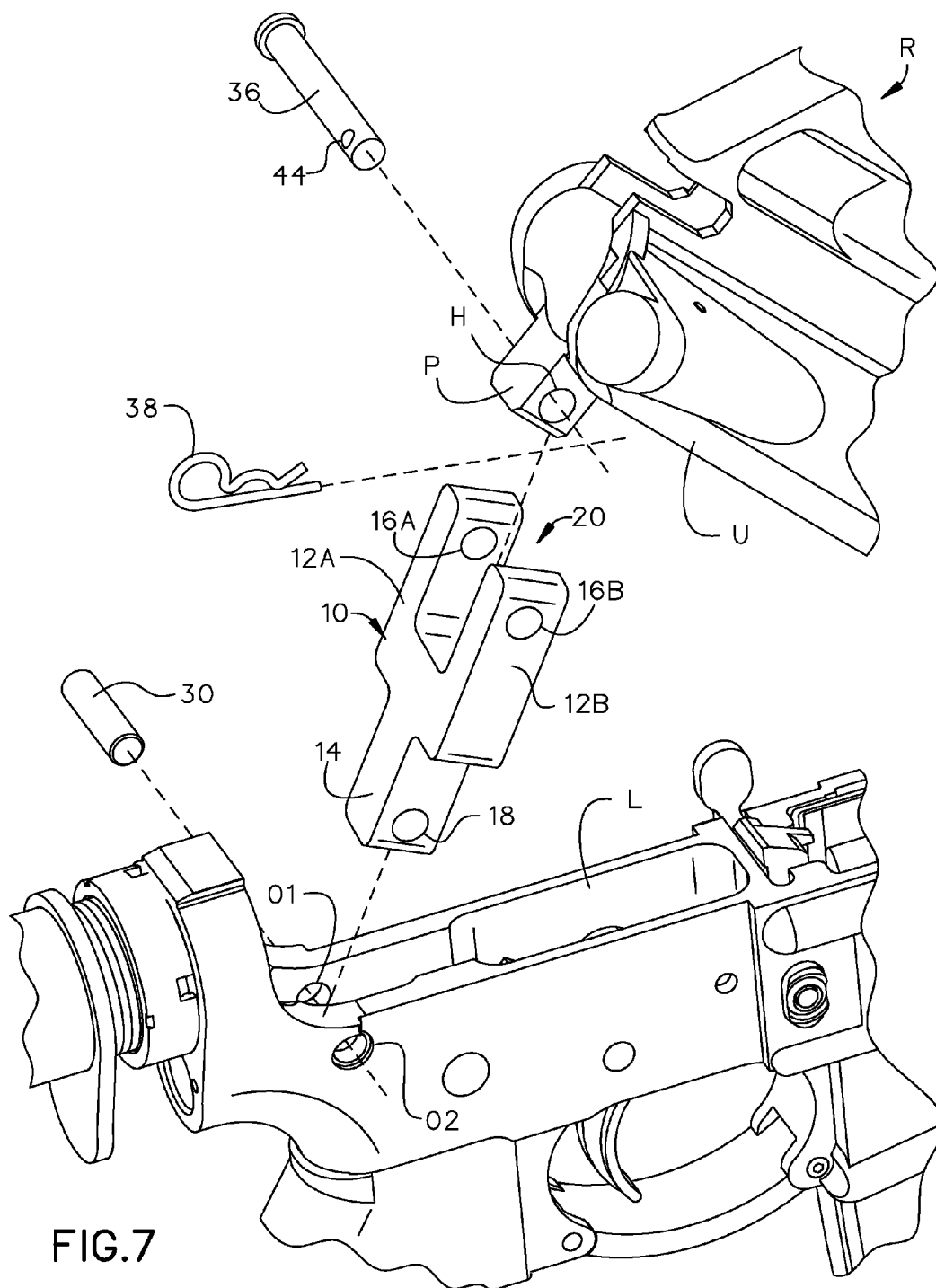
A receiver link separator is configured to separate an upper receiver from a lower receiver in a rifle. The receiver link separator has a first separation bracket upper post joined to a separation bracket lower post. A second separation bracket upper post can be joined to the separation bracket lower post. A locking pin can be inserted through the lower receiver and the separation bracket lower post. A clevis pin can be inserted through the upper receiver, the first separation bracket upper post and the second separation bracket upper post. The first separation bracket upper post and the second separation bracket upper post prevent the upper receiver from twisting away from the lower receiver.

5 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets









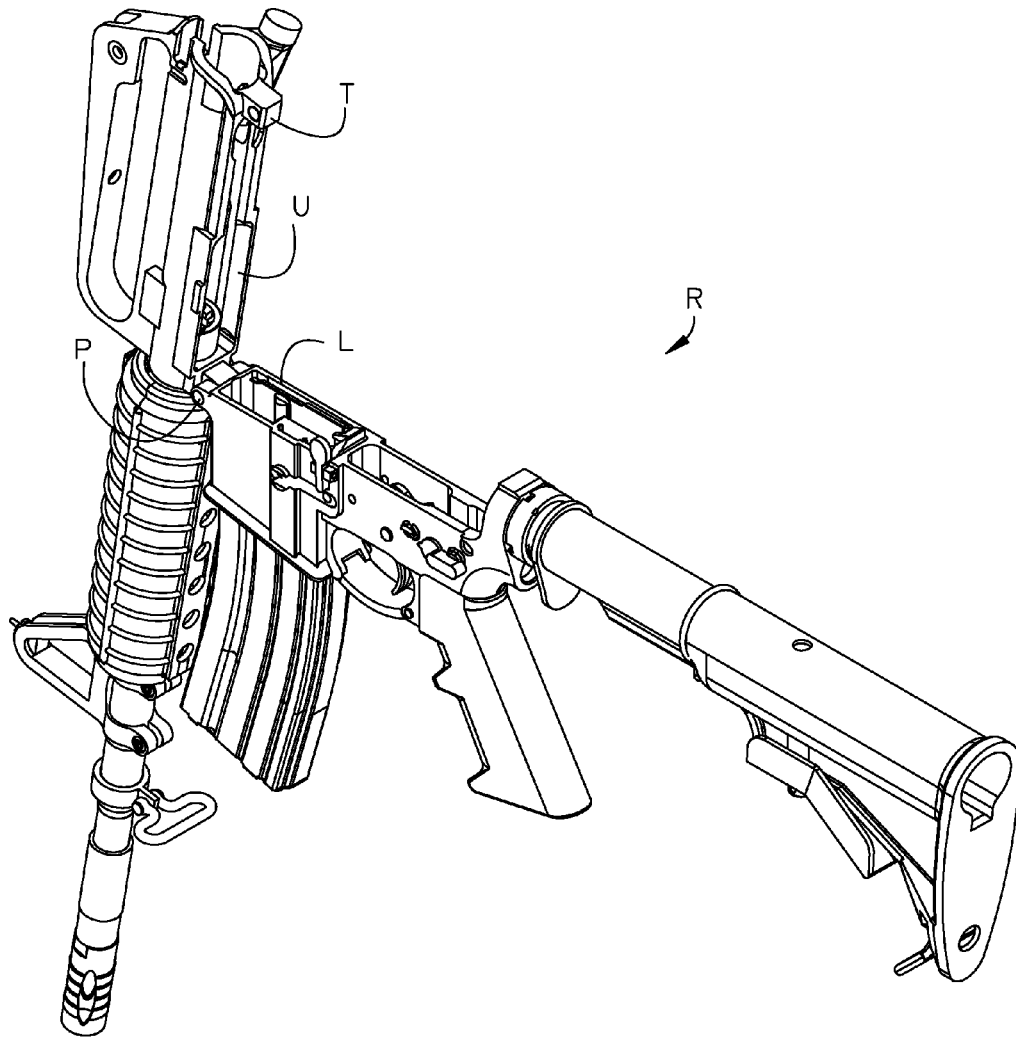


FIG. 8
(PRIOR ART)

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RECEIVER LINK SEPARATOR

RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims priority to provisional patent appli- 5
cation U.S. Ser. No. 61/898,333 filed on Oct. 31, 2013, the
entire contents of which is herein incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND

The embodiments herein relate generally to firearms and
firearm accessories.

FIG. 8 shows rifle R as is known in the art. Rifle R com-
prises lower receiver L rotationally coupled to upper receiver
U at pivot point P. Upper receiver U further comprises pro-
trusion T have protrusion hole H that can be connected to
lower receiver L with a locking pin through a plurality of
locking pin holes O in lower receiver L. However, this rifle is
difficult to clean. Once upper receiver U is rotated away from
lower receiver L, it is easy for the two receivers to come back
together, pinching the fingers of a human user. Embodiments
of the present invention solve this problem.

SUMMARY

A receiver link separator is configured to separate an upper
receiver from a lower receiver in a rifle. The receiver link
separator has a first separation bracket upper post joined to a
separation bracket lower post. A second separation bracket
upper post can be joined to the separation bracket lower post.
A locking pin can be inserted through the lower receiver and
the separation bracket lower post. A clevis pin can be inserted
through the upper receiver, the first separation bracket upper
post and the second separation bracket upper post. The first
separation bracket upper post and the second separation
bracket upper post prevent the upper receiver from twisting
away from the lower receiver.

In some embodiments, the first separation bracket upper
post can further comprise a first separation bracket upper post
hole configured to receive the clevis pin. The second separa-
tion bracket upper post can further comprise a second separa-
tion bracket upper post hole configured to receive the clevis
pin. The separation bracket lower post can further comprise a
separation bracket lower post configured to receive the lock-
ing pin. A hair spring clip can be inserted through the clevis
pin so that the clevis pin cannot be pulled from the second
separation bracket upper post hole.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

The detailed description of some embodiments of the
invention is made below with reference to the accompanying
figures, wherein like numerals represent corresponding parts
of the figures.

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an embodiment of the
invention shown in use.

FIG. 2 is a detail perspective view of an embodiment of the
invention shown in use.

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of an embodiment of the
invention.

FIG. 4 is a top view of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 5 is a side view of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 6 is a front view of an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 7 is an exploded view of an embodiment of the inven-
tion.

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FIG. 8 is a prior art view demonstrating upper receiver
over-pivot.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN
EMBODIMENTS

By way of example, and referring to FIG. 1 and FIG. 2, one
embodiment of receiver link separator 10 is configured to
separate lower receiver L from upper receiver R to assist in
cleaning rifle R. Receiver link separator 10 is shown in more
detail in FIG. 3, FIG. 4, FIG. 5 and FIG. 6. A process for
installing receiver link separator 10 into rifle R is shown in
FIG. 7.

Turning first to FIG. 3, FIG. 4, FIG. 5 and FIG. 6, one
embodiment of receiver link separator 10 comprises first
separation bracket upper post 12A joined to separation
bracket lower post 14. Separation bracket lower post 14 is
joined to second separation bracket upper post 12B. First
separation bracket upper post 12A further comprises first
separation bracket upper post hole 16A. Likewise, second
separation bracket upper post 12B further comprises second
separation bracket upper post hole 16B. Separation bracket
lower post 14 further comprises separation bracket lower post
hole 18. First separation bracket upper post 12A is separated
from second separation bracket upper post 12B with separa-
tion bracket center gap 20. Separation bracket center gap 20 is
sufficiently large to accommodate protrusion T.

As shown in FIG. 7, to elevate upper receiver U from lower
receiver L a user can begin by rotating upper receiver R from
lower receiver L. Next, inserting locking pin 30 through first
locking pin hole O1, separation bracket lower post hole 18
and second locking pin hole O1. Then, inserting clevis pin 36
having clevis pin hole 44 through first separation bracket
upper post hole 16A, protrusion hole H and second separation
bracket upper post hole 16B. Finally, inserting hair spring clip
38 through clevis pin hole 44.

First separation bracket upper post 12A and second separa-
tion bracket upper post 12B work together securely capture
protrusion T and do not allow sideways movement that would
otherwise unseat a single sided link. Clevis pin 36 is pushed
through first separation bracket upper post hole 16A, protru-
sion hole H and second separation bracket upper post hole
16B such at one end of clevis pin 36 is larger than first
separation bracket upper post hole 16A while a exposed end
of clevis pin 36 protruding beyond second separation bracket
upper post hole 16B has clevis pin hole 44 in it to accept hair
spring clip 38. Hair spring clip 38 is then inserted through
clevis pin hole 44 so clevis pin 36 cannot be pulled from
second separation bracket upper post hole 16B. separation
bracket lower post 14 is placed into a take-down recess of
lower receiver L, then locking pin 30 is inserted through first
locking pin hole O1, separation bracket lower post hole 18
and second locking pin hole O1 to secure link separator 10 to
lower receiver L. Receiver link separator 10 acts as a solid
strut that secures upper receiver U to lower receiver L thereby
not allowing any pivot motion to occur and securing a human
user's hands from pinching.

Embodiments of receiver link separator 10 can be made in
known ways with known materials. However, a 2 or 3 axis
milling machine, computer numerical controlled (CNC) mill,
CNC router or CNC laser cutter were found to be effective.
While any thickness may be effective, one half inch was
found to be sufficiently strong while adequately easy to obtain
an manufacture.

Persons of ordinary skill in the art may appreciate that
numerous design configurations may be possible to enjoy the
functional benefits of the inventive systems. Thus, given the

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wide variety of configurations and arrangements of embodiments of the present invention the scope of the invention is reflected by the breadth of the claims below rather than narrowed by the embodiments described above.

What is claimed is:

1. A receiver link separator, configured to separate an upper receiver from a lower receiver in a rifle; the receiver link separator comprising:

a first separation bracket upper post, joined to a separation bracket lower post;

a second separation bracket upper post, joined to the separation bracket lower post;

a locking pin, inserted through the lower receiver and the separation bracket lower post;

a clevis pin, inserted through the upper receiver, the first separation bracket upper post and the second separation bracket upper post;

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wherein the first separation bracket upper post and the second separation bracket upper post prevent the upper receiver from twisting away from the lower receiver.

2. The receiver link separator of claim 1, wherein the first separation bracket upper post further comprises a first separation bracket upper post hole configured to receive the clevis pin.

3. The receiver link separator of claim 2, wherein the second separation bracket upper post further comprises a second separation bracket upper post hole configured to receive the clevis pin.

4. The receiver link separator of claim 3, wherein the separation bracket lower post further comprises a separation bracket lower post configured to receive the locking pin.

5. The receiver link separator of claim 4, further comprising a hair spring clip, inserted through the clevis pin so that the clevis pin cannot be pulled from the second separation bracket upper post hole.

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